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tral point of inspection, a penalty for the violation of this ordinance, and repealing all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith," passed by the city commission on the 17th day of April, 1912, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

SEC. 9. The city meat inspector herein provided for shall be a qualified veterinarian of good standing in his profession.

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.

Communicable Diseases—Notification of Cases—Placarding—Quarantine. (Ord. 32, Aug. 1, 1916.)

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of all physicians practicing within the city of St. Augustine, Fla., to report in writing to the city health officer, within 12 hours, all cases of scarlet fever, yellow fever, smallpox, measles, diphtheria, tuberculosis in any of its forms, typhoid fever, cerebrospinal meningitis, anterior poliomyelitis, bubonic plague, glanders, anthrax, rabies, leprosy, cholera, dysentery (either amebic or bacillary), mumps, chicken pox, and pertussis (whooping cough) occurring within the city limits, and where no physician is called in it shall be the duty of the householder or any person having knowledge of such disease to report the same to the city health officer.

SEC. 9. The city health officer shall cause to be placarded all buildings in which are located any person or persons having smallpox, diphtheria (or membranous croup), scarlet fever, or measles, and all such cases shall be deemed isolated until released on the recommendation of the city health officer after proper disinfection has been carried out. Placards shall not be placed in cases of pertussis (whooping cough), chicken pox or mumps, but any person suffering from or exposed to these diseases shall be forbidden to enter any school, church, motion-picture theater, or any similar public place or building.

SEC. 10. The period of isolation for each of the above diseases shall be in accordance with the rules and regulations of the State Board of Health of Florida.

SEC. 11. *Definition of isolation.*—Isolation is hereby defined to be the complete separation of the person sick with a communicable disease, as prescribed by section 9, and those attending upon him, from all other persons on the premises.

SEC. 12. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to enter or leave any premises where are located any cases of smallpox, diphtheria, scarlet fever, or measles, excepting by permission of the city health officer, and a warning card or placard shall be deemed sufficient notice to all persons to keep off of such premises.

SEC. 13. Whenever typhoid fever or dysentery is known to exist anywhere within the city limits of St. Augustine the city health officer shall personally make a thorough sanitary survey of the premises where such disease is known to exist, and he shall make every effort, with the assistance of the public health nurse and the sanitary inspector, to improve the sanitary conditions of such premises to such an extent as to effectively prevent the spread of these diseases.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum—Prevention of. (Ord. 32, Aug. 1, 1916.)

SEC. 43. All physicians, nurses, or midwives who shall attend the birth of any living child within the city limits of St. Augustine shall take the necessary precautions to prevent ophthalmia neonatorum, or blindness of the newborn, and for this purpose the following routine procedure shall be followed out in all cases of childbirth where a living child is born, that is to say, at least one drop of a freshly prepared silver nitrate solution, of not less than 1 per cent strength nor more than 2 per cent strength shall be placed in each eye of the newborn baby immediately following its birth.